



**Kingdom Materials** 8650 Freeport PKWY STE 100 Irving, TX 75063-1916 469-445-1270 www.kingdom-materials.com

# Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Prepared to GHS Rev03.

# **Section 1. Identification**

Distributor Product Name

 $STABILICRETE^{\text{tm}}$ KINGDOM MATERIALS 8650 Freeport PKWY

**STE 100** 

Irving, TX 75063-1916

Chemical Name

Calcium Oxide, Calcium Carbonate, Calcium Hydroxide

Soil Stabilization, De-Watering, Solidification, Fixation, Neutralization, Desulphurization, Agriculture, Cement

# **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Classification of the substance or mixture



**GHS03 Exclamation Mark** 



<u>Telephone</u>

469-445-1270 Office

**GHS05** Corrosion

Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining components of labeling

Calcium Oxide, Calcium Carbonate, Calcium Hydroxide

**Hazard Statements** 

H303 May be harmful if swallowed

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102	Keep out of reach of children
P280	Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P284	Wear respiratory protection

Section 3. Composition						
Component	Formula	% Wt.	CAS No.	PEL		
Calcium Carbonate	CaCO₃	0-30	1317-65-3	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Calcium Oxide	CaO	20-80	1305-78-8	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Calcium Hydroxide	Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>	0-10	1305-78-8	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Calcium Magnesium Carbonate	CaMg(CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	0-30	16389-88-1	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Crystalline Silica Quartz	SiO <sub>2</sub>	0-10	14808-60-7	0.1 mg/m <sup>3 respirable</sup>		
Aluminum Oxide	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0-15	1344-28-1	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Ferric Oxide	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0-5	1309-37-1	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Magnesium Oxide	MgO	0-60	1309-48-4	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Sulfur	SO <sub>3</sub>	0-10	7704-34-9	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

# **SECTION 4. First-Aid Measures**

#### Effects:

Inhalation: Acute: Irritation, sore throat, cough, sneezing. Chronic: Persistent coughing and breathing

problems. Long-term exposure to silica can cause a chronic lung disorder, silicosis.

Eyes: Acute: Severe irritation, intense tearing, and burns. Chronic: Possible blindness when

exposure is prolonged.

**Skin:** Acute: Removes natural skin oils, blotches, itching and superficial burns in case of

sweating. Chronic: No known effects.

**Ingestion:** Acute: Sore throat, stomach aches, cramps, diarrhea, vomiting. Chronic: No known effects.

**Treatments:** 

Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. Seek medical attention if necessary. If breathing has stopped, give

artificial respiration.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least fifteen (15) minutes. Pull back

the eyelid to make sure all the lime dust has been washed out. Seek medical attention

immediately. Do not rub eyes.

**Skin**: Flush exposed area with large amounts of water. Seek medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion:** Give large quantities of water or fruit juice. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention

immediately. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness or is

unconscious or convulsing.

# **SECTION 5. Fire-Fighting Measures**

Flash Point: Non-flammable

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Non-flammable

Inflammability Limits: None, Noncombustible solid, but will support combustion by liberation of oxygen

Explosion Risk: None by itself, but heat produced by reaction with strong acids can generate steam and pressure

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Decomposes to produce calcium oxide (CaO), which can react with water to produce steam and pressure

**Extinguishing Media:** Use dry chemical fire extinguisher. Do not use water or halogenated compounds, except that large amounts of water may be used to deluge small quantities of lime kiln dust. Use appropriate extinguishing media for surrounding fire conditions.

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Keep personnel away from and upwind of fire. Wear full fire-fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **SECTION 6. Accidental Release Measures**

**Individual and collective precautions:** Avoid creating conditions which release dust – use mechanical vacuums to remove dust from work spaces.

**Avoid inhalation of Dust:** Wear respiratory protection – minimum NIOSH N-95 Dust Mask.

Cleaning methods (Leaks & Spills): Use personal protective equipment (eyes, skin and inhalation, see Section 8). Use dry methods (vacuuming, sweeping) to collect spilled materials. Avoid generating dust. For large spills, evacuate area downwind of clean-up area operations to minimize dust exposure. For small spills, store spilled materials in dry, sealed plastic or metal containers. Dust residue on surfaces may be washed with water.

**Precautions for the protection of the environment:** May not be released into surface waters without controls (increases pH).

Waste Disposal: Dispose according to federal, provincial/state and local environmental regulations.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and Storage**

**Handling:** In open air or in ventilated places, avoid skin and eye contact, avoid creating airborne dust.

Storage: Store in dry places sheltered from humidity. Keep away from acids. Keep out of reach of children.

#### **SECTION 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

#### **Exposure Limits:**

- Calcium Carbonate: 15 mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable) (OSHA); 10 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833);
- Calcium Hydroxide: mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable) (OSHA); 5 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833)
- Calcium Magnesium Carbonate: 10 mg/m³ (ACGIH, OSHA)
- Calcium Magnesium Oxide: 2 mg/m³ (ACGIH, OSHA)
- Calcium Oxide: 5 mg/m³ (OSHA); 2 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833);
- Magnesium Oxide: 15 mg/m³ (OSHA); 10 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833)
- Magnesium Carbonate: 15 mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable) (OSHA); 5 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833); 10 mg/m³ (ACGIH, O. Reg. 833);
- Silica (crystalline quartz): 2.5 mg/m³ (total dust), 0.8 mg/m³ (respirable) (OSHA); 0.5 mg/m³ (respirable ACGIH); 0.1 mg/m³ (0. Reg. 845)

Engineering Controls: Use ventilation and dust collection to control exposure to below applicable limits.

**Respiratory Protection:** Wear NIOSH N-95 Dust Mask.

Eye Protection: Eye protection (chemical goggles, safety glasses and/or face shield) should be

worn where there is a risk of lime exposure. Contact lenses should not be work

when working with lime products.

**Hand Protection:** Use clean dry gloves.

**Skin Protection:** Cover body with suitable clothes (long sleeves shirts and trousers). Use over the

angle waterproof caustic resistant footwear.

# **SECTION 9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

Appearance: Solid, white/tan/gray powder

Odor: Odorless
Odor Threshold: NA

pH: 12.4 pH graduated solution at 25° C

Melting Point: 1410° C
Boiling Point: 1565° C
Flash Point: NA
Evaporation Rate: NA
Flammability: NA
Upper/Lower Flammability NA

Vapor Pressure ( $+t^0$ )Non volatile.Vapor Density (air=ml):Non volatile.Relative Density:720-1130 kg/ m³

Solubility in Water: 0.100 - 1.125g/100g - reactive with water to product Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>

with large amounts of heat

Partition coefficient: NA
Auto-Ignition Temperature: NA
Decomposition Temperature: 580°C
Viscosity: NA

**SECTION 10. Stability and Reactivity** 

**Stability:** Stable products, not very soluble.

**Decomposition temperature:** 580°C, forms calcium oxide (CaO) and water.

**Reactivity:** Reacts with acids to form calcium salts while generating heat.

Reacts with carbon dioxide in air to form calcium carbonate.

**Conditions to avoid:** Vicinity of incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials:** Acids; reactive fluoridated, brominated or phosphorous compounds; aluminum

(may form hydrogen gas), reactive powdered metals; organic acid anhydrides;

nitro-organic compounds; interhalogenated compounds.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products:

**Chronic Exposure:** 

Calcium oxide (CaO).

	SECTION 11. Toxicological Information
Toxicity:	LD <sub>50</sub> oral (rat) for calcium hydroxide is 7340 mg/kg. This product is not listed by MSA, OSHA, or IARC as a carcinogen, but this product may contain crystalline silica, which has been classified by IARC as (Group 1) carcinogenic to humans when inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite. No reported Carcinogenicity, Reproductive Effects, Teratogenicity or Mutagenicity.
Exposure Limits:	Refer to Section 8.
Irritancy:	Can cause severe irritation of eyes, skin, respiratory tract and gastrointestinal tract.

# **SECTION 12. Ecological Information**

Inhalation of silica can cause a chronic lung disorder, silicosis.

Alkaline substance that increases pH to 12.4 in a saturated water solution at 25°C.

Calcium hydroxide gradually reacts with CO<sub>2</sub> in air to form calcium carbonate (CaCO<sub>3</sub>).

Calcium carbonate is ecologically neutral.

Uncontrolled spillage in surface waters should be avoided since the increase pH could be detrimental to fish.

Harmful to aquatic life in high concentration.

# **SECTION 13. Disposal Considerations**

Dispose according to federal, provincial/state and local environmental regulations.

# **SECTION 14. Transportation Information**

<u>Classification:</u> TDG: Not listed for ground transportation

HMR: Not listed for ground transportation

TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulation (Canada)

HMR: Hazardous Materials Regulation (USA)

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory Information**

Symbol: WHMIS Rating

D2A, E **NFPA RATING** 

HEALTH-3 SPECIFIC HAZARD - ALK FLASH POINTS-0 REACTIVITY-1

**HMIS RATING** 

HEALTH-2 SPECIFIC HAZARD - ALK FLASH POINTS-0 REACTIVITY-1

#### **SECTION 16. Other Information**

Original Prepared: 11/01/15 Revision Date: 06/01/2017

Revision #: 1

**STABILICRETE** can be removed from vehicles using rags dampened with dilute vinegar. After applying dilute vinegar, vehicles (especially chrome surfaces) must be washed with water. CAUTION: May damage painted surfaces if not removed immediately, or if rubbed or buffed.

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